

**FORM 6A**  
**SUBPOENA TO APPEAR AND TESTIFY AT A HEARING OR TRIAL**

**United States Court of Federal Claims**

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

vs.

No. \_\_\_\_\_

*THE UNITED STATES*

**SUBPOENA TO APPEAR AND TESTIFY  
AT A HEARING OR TRIAL**

To: \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

**YOU ARE COMMANDED** to appear at the time, date, and place set forth below to testify at a hearing or trial in the above-captioned case. When you arrive, you must remain at the court until the judge or a court officer allows you to leave. If you are an organization that is *not* a party in this case, you must designate one or more officers, directors, or managing agents, or designate other persons who consent to testify on your behalf about the following matters, or those set forth in an attachment:

Place:	Courtroom No.:
	Date and Time:

You must also bring with you the following documents, electronically stored information, or objects (*blank if not applicable*):

\_\_\_\_\_  
The provisions of RCFC 45(d), relating to your protection as a person subject to a subpoena, and RCFC 45(e) and (g), relating to your duty to respond to this subpoena and the potential consequences of not doing so, are attached.

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

*CLERK OF COURT*

OR

\_\_\_\_\_  
*Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk*

\_\_\_\_\_  
*Attorney's signature*

NOTE – If the person served is neither a party nor a party's officer and the place of travel is more than 100 miles (by the shortest usual means of travel) from the place where the subpoena is served, or if the place of the hearing or trial is more than 100 miles from the place where the person served resides, is employed, or transacts business in person, the person served may file a motion to quash the subpoena pursuant to RCFC 45(d)(3) unless there is attached to the subpoena an order of the court requiring his/her appearance notwithstanding the distance of travel. In any event, response to the subpoena will entitle the person to the fees and mileage allowed by law. (28 U.S.C. § 1821)

\_\_\_\_\_  
The name, address, telephone number, and e-mail of the attorney representing (*name of party*) \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_, who issues or requests this subpoena, are: \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

## PROOF OF SERVICE

This subpoena for (*name of individual and title, if any*) \_\_\_\_\_  
was received by me on (*date*) \_\_\_\_\_.

I personally served the subpoena on the individual at (*place*) \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_ on (*date*) \_\_\_\_\_; or

I left the subpoena at the individual's residence or usual place of abode with (*name*) \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_, a person of suitable age and discretion who resides there, on  
(*date*) \_\_\_\_\_, and mailed a copy to the individual's last known address; or

I served the subpoena on (*name of individual*) \_\_\_\_\_ who is designated by law to accept  
service of process on behalf of (*name of organization*) \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_ on (*date*) \_\_\_\_\_; or

I returned the subpoena unexecuted because \_\_\_\_\_; or

Other (*specify*): \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

Unless the subpoena was issued on behalf of the United States, or one of its officers or agents, I have also  
tendered to the witness fees for one day's attendance, and the mileage allowed by law, in the amount of  
\$ \_\_\_\_\_.

My fees are \$ \_\_\_\_\_ for travel and \$ \_\_\_\_\_ for services, for a total of \$ \_\_\_\_\_.

I declare under penalty of perjury that this information is true.

Date: \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_ *Server's signature*

\_\_\_\_\_  
*Printed name and title*

\_\_\_\_\_  
*Server's address*

Additional information regarding service, etc:  
\_\_\_\_\_

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RCFC 45.

**(d) Protecting a Person Subject to a Subpoena; Enforcement.**

**(1) Avoiding Undue Burden or Expense; Sanctions.** A party or attorney responsible for issuing and serving a subpoena must take reasonable steps to avoid imposing undue burden or expense on a person subject to the subpoena. The court must enforce this duty and impose an appropriate sanction—which may include lost earnings and reasonable attorney's fees—on a party or attorney who fails to comply.

**(2) Command to Produce Materials or Permit Inspection.**

**(A) Appearance Not Required.** A person commanded to produce documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things, or to permit the inspection of premises, need not appear in person at the place of

production or inspection unless also commanded to appear for a deposition, hearing, or trial.

**(B) Objections.** A person commanded to produce documents or tangible things, or to permit inspection may serve on the party or attorney designated in the subpoena a written objection to inspecting, copying, testing or sampling any or all of the materials or to inspecting the premises—or to producing electronically stored information in the form or forms requested. The objection must be served before the earlier of the time specified for compliance or 14 days after the subpoena is served. If an objection is made, the following rules apply:

**(i)** At any time, on notice to the commanded person, the serving party may move the court for an order compelling production or inspection.

- (ii) These acts may be required only as directed in the order, and the order must protect a person who is neither a party nor a party's officer from significant expense resulting from compliance.

**(3) *Quashing or Modifying a Subpoena.***

**(A) *When Required.*** On timely motion, the court must quash or modify a subpoena that:

- (i) fails to allow a reasonable time to comply;
- (ii) requires a person who is neither a party nor a party's officer to comply beyond the limitations specified in RCFC 45(c);
- (iii) requires disclosure of privileged or other protected matter, if no exception of waiver applies; or
- (iv) subjects a person to undue burden.

**(B) *When Permitted.*** To protect a person subject to or affected by a subpoena, the court may, on motion, quash or modify the subpoena if it requires:

- (i) disclosing a trade secret or other confidential research, development, or commercial information; or
- (ii) disclosing an unretained expert's opinion or information that does not describe specific occurrences in dispute and results from the expert's study that was not requested by a party.

**(C) *Specifying Conditions as an Alternative.*** In the circumstances described in RCFC 45(d)(3)(B), the court may, instead of quashing or modifying a subpoena, order appearance or production under specified conditions if the serving party:

- (i) shows a substantial need for the testimony or material that cannot be otherwise met without undue hardship; and
- (ii) ensures that the subpoenaed person will be reasonably compensated.

**(e) *Duties in Responding to a Subpoena.***

**(1) *Producing Documents or Electronically Stored Information.*** These procedures apply to producing documents or electronically stored information:

**(A) *Documents.*** A person responding to a subpoena to produce documents must produce them as they are kept in the ordinary course of business or must organize and label them to correspond to the categories in the demand.

**(B) *Form for Producing Electronically Stored Information Not Specified.*** If a subpoena does not specify a form for producing electronically stored information, the person responding must produce it in a form or forms in which it is ordinarily maintained or in a reasonably usable form or forms.

**(C) *Electronically Stored Information Produced in Only One Form.*** The person responding need not produce the same electronically stored information in more than one form.

**(D) *Inaccessible Electronically Stored Information.*** The person responding need not provide discovery of electronically stored information from sources that the person identifies as not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. On motion to compel discovery or for a protective order, the person responding must show that the information is not

reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. If that showing is made, the court may nonetheless order discovery from such sources if the requesting party shows good cause, considering the limitations of RCFC 26(b)(2)(C). The court may specify conditions for the discovery.

**(2) *Claiming Privilege or Protection.***

**(A) *Information Withheld.*** A person withholding subpoenaed information under a claim that it is privileged or subject to protection as trial-preparation material must:

- (i) expressly make the claim; and
- (ii) describe the nature of the withheld documents, communications, or tangible things in a manner that, without revealing information itself privileged or protected, will enable the parties to assess the claim.

**(B) *Information Produced.*** If information produced in response to a subpoena is subject to a claim of privilege or of protection as trial-preparation material, the person making the claim may notify any party that received the information of the claim and the basis for it. After being notified, a party must promptly return, sequester, or destroy the specified information and any copies it has; must not use or disclose the information until the claim is resolved; must take reasonable steps to retrieve the information if the party disclosed it before being notified; and may promptly present the information under seal to the court for a determination of the claim. The person who produced the information must preserve the information until the claim is resolved.

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**(g) *Contempt.*** The court may hold in contempt a person who, having been served, fails without adequate excuse to obey the subpoena or an order related to it.