## In the United States Court of Federal Claims

**OFFICE OF SPECIAL MASTERS** 

No. 08-0100V

Filed: April 27, 2011 Not to be Published

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KEVIN COYNE, parent of	*	
OLIVIA ELLISON COYNE, a minor,	*	
	*	
Petitioner,	*	Petitioner's Motion for a Decision
	*	Dismissing the Petition; Insufficient Proof
V.	*	of Causation; Vaccine Act Entitlement;
	*	Denial Without Hearing
SECRETARY OF HEALTH AND	*	-
HUMAN SERVICES,	*	
	*	
Respondent,	*	
	*	
* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	* *	

## <u>DECISION <sup>1</sup></u>

On February 21, 2008 petitioner filed a Short-Form Autism Petition For Vaccine Compensation in the National Vaccine Injury Compensation Program ("the Program").<sup>2</sup> In effect, by use of the special "Short-Form" developed for use in the context of the Omnibus Autism Proceeding, the petition alleges that various vaccinations injured Olivia. The information in the record, however, does not show entitlement to an award under the Program.

On April 21, 2011, petitioner filed a Motion for a Decision dismissing his Petition. Petitioner asserts in his Motion that under the current applicable law he will be unable to demonstrate entitlement to compensation in the Program. Petitioner's Motion at 1. Accordingly, petitioner requests that the undersigned dismiss the above-captioned petition. <u>Id.</u>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Because this unpublished decision contains a reasoned explanation for the action in this case, I intend to post this decision on the United States Court of Federal Claims' website, in accordance with the E-Government Act of 2002, Pub. L. No. 107-347, § 205, 116 Stat. 2899, 2913 (codified as amended at 44 U.S.C. § 3501 note (2006)). In accordance with Vaccine Rule 18(b), petitioner has 14 days to identify and move to delete medical or other information, that satisfies the criteria in § 300aa-12(d)(4)(B). Further, consistent with the rule requirement, a motion for redaction must include a proposed redacted decision. If, upon review, I agree that the identified material fits within the requirements of that provision, I will delete such material from public access.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The Program comprises Part 2 of the National Childhood Vaccine Injury Act of 1986, Pub. L. No. 99-660, 100 Stat. 3755, codified as amended, 42 U.S.C. §§ 300aa-10 *et seq.* (hereinafter "Vaccine Act" or "the Act"). Hereafter, individual section references will be to 42 U.S.C. § 300aa of the Act.

To receive compensation under the Program, petitioner must prove either 1) that Olivia suffered a "Table Injury" – i.e., an injury falling within the Vaccine Injury Table – corresponding to one of Olivia's vaccinations, or 2) that Olivia suffered an injury that was actually caused by a vaccine. See §§ 300aa-13(a)(1)(A) and 300aa-11(c)(1). An examination of the record did not uncover any evidence that Olivia suffered a "Table Injury." Further, the record does not contain a medical expert's opinion or any other persuasive evidence indicating that Olivia's alleged injury was vaccine-caused.

Under the Act, petitioner may not be given a Program award based solely on the petitioner's claims alone. Rather, the petition must be supported by either medical records or by the opinion of a competent physician. § 300aa-13(a)(1). In this case, because there are insufficient medical records supporting petitioner's claim, a medical opinion must be offered in support. Petitioner, however, has offered no such opinion.

Accordingly, it is clear from the record in this case that petitioner has failed to demonstrate either that Olivia suffered a "Table Injury" or that her injuries were "actually caused" by a vaccination. Thus, this case is dismissed for insufficient proof. The Clerk shall enter judgment accordingly.<sup>3</sup> IT IS SO ORDERED.

Gary J. Golkiewicz Special Master

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The undersigned notes that if petitioners elect to file a Petition for Fees and Costs pursuant to § 300aa-15(e), based on current case law petitioner will need to first establish proof of vaccination and the timely filing of their Petition for Vaccine Compensation, <u>see</u> § 300aa-16(a)(2) and 16(b), prior to any award for attorneys' fees and costs being granted . <u>See Brice v. Secretary of Health and Human Services</u>, 358 F.3d 865, 869 (2004), <u>citing Martin v. Secretary of Health and Human Services</u>, 62 F.3d 1403, 1406 (1995).