

vaccination. Among the injuries petitioner alleged that she has suffered as a result of receiving a meningococcal vaccination was a conversion disorder. She sought an award under the National Vaccine Injury Compensation Program, National Vaccine Injury Compensation Program² (the Act or the Program). 42 U.S.C. §§ 300aa-1 to -34 (2006).

On April 20, 2011, counsel for both parties filed a stipulation, stating that a decision should be entered awarding compensation. The parties stipulated that petitioner shall receive the following compensation:

A lump sum of \$ 35,00.00 in the form of a check payable to petitioner. This amount represents compensation for all damages that would be available under 42 U.S.C. §300aa-15(a) to which petitioner would be entitled

Stipulation ¶ 8(a).

The undersigned approves the requested amount for petitioner's compensation. Accordingly, an award should be made in the form of a check payable to petitioner in the amount of \$35,000.00. In the absence of a motion for review filed pursuant to RCFC Appendix B, the clerk of the court **SHALL ENTER JUDGMENT** in accordance with the terms of the parties' stipulation.³

IT IS SO ORDERED.

s/Patricia E. Campbell-Smith
Patricia E. Campbell-Smith
Chief Special Master

² The National Vaccine Injury Compensation Program is set forth in Part 2 of the National Childhood Vaccine Injury Act of 1986, Pub. L. No. 99-660, 100 Stat. 3755, codified as amended, 42 U.S.C. §§ 300aa-1 to -34 (2006) (Vaccine Act or the Act). All citations in this decision to individual sections of the Vaccine Act are to 42 U.S.C.A. § 300aa.

³ Pursuant to Vaccine Rule 11(a), entry of judgment is expedited by the parties' joint filing of notice renouncing the right to seek review.